Table of Contents

I. Executive summary ................................................................................................. 1
II. Introduction ............................................................................................................. 4
III. Study Partners ...................................................................................................... 6
IV. Public Involvement .............................................................................................. 6
V. Coordination with the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan ........................................ 8
VI. Existing Conditions ............................................................................................ 9
   A. Previous Studies Overview .............................................................................. 9
   B. Demographics And Trends ............................................................................. 11
   C. Transportation System Characteristics ......................................................... 12
   D. Study Area Characteristics ............................................................................ 12
VII. Study Goals ....................................................................................................... 15
VIII. Future Traffic .................................................................................................... 16
IX. Issues Identification & Evaluation of Alternatives ............................................ 18
   A. Focus Area 1: Lee Boulevard Intersection ..................................................... 18
   B. Focus Area 2: Nicollet Avenue to Lake Street .............................................. 19
   C. Focus Area 3: Intersection between Lake Street and Range Street ............. 21
   D. Focus Area 4: 200 Block (Range Street to TH 169 Southbound Ramp) ....... 22
   E. Focus Area 5: TH 169 Southbound Ramp Intersection .................................. 27
X. Recommendations and Implementation Sequence .............................................. 29
   A. Focus Area 1: Lee Boulevard Intersection ..................................................... 29
   B. Focus Area 2: Nicollet Avenue to Lake Street .............................................. 30
   C. Focus Area 3: Intersection between Lake Street and Range Street ............. 31
   D. Focus Area 4: 200 Block (Range Street to TH 169 Southbound Ramp) ....... 32
   E. Focus Area 5: TH 169 Southbound Ramp Intersection .................................. 34
XI. Next Steps ............................................................................................................ 35
Figures

Figure 1. Study Area .................................................................................................................. 5
Figure 2. Public Involvement .................................................................................................. 6
Figure 3. 2041 Forecasted Traffic Volumes .......................................................................... 17
Figure 4. Lee Boulevard/Belgrade Avenue Roundabout Concept ........................................ 18
Figure 5. Multi-Use Path from Lee Boulevard to Lake Street ............................................. 19
Figure 6. Multi-use path with Mid-Block Crossing ................................................................. 20
Figure 8. Existing Path Location .......................................................................................... 20
Figure 7. View of the Water Plant Path from Nicollet Avenue ............................................ 20
Figure 9. On-Street Bike-Lane ............................................................................................. 21
Figure 10. Intersection Bump-Outs between Lake Street and Range Street ......................... 21
Figure 11. 200 Block 4-Lane Option .................................................................................... 23
Figure 12. Overhead Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon .................................................... 23
Figure 13. 200 Block 3-Lane Option ...................................................................................... 24
Figure 14. 3-Lane Option with All-Way Stop ....................................................................... 25
Figure 15. Dedicated left turn to Nicollet Avenue ................................................................. 25
Figure 16. Extended Median Option .................................................................................... 26
Figure 17. Nicollet Avenue Median ....................................................................................... 26
Figure 18. Ground-Mounted Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon ....................................... 26
Figure 19. Support for Additional Streetscape Amenities ..................................................... 26
Figure 20. Top: 3-Lane Option  Bottom: Potential Streetscape with 3-Lane Option ............ 27
Figure 21. Potential Future Roundabout ............................................................................... 28

Tables

Table 1. 1980 – 2010 Historic Population ............................................................................. 11
Table 2. Population by Age .................................................................................................. 11
Table 3. Existing (2016) Traffic Operations Analysis ............................................................ 14
Table 4. 2041 Existing Geometry (No Build) Traffic Operations Analysis .......................... 16
Appendix

Appendix A: Figures
Appendix B: Open House Summaries
Appendix C: Property/Business Owner Meeting Summaries
Appendix D: Business on Belgrade Group Meeting Summary
Appendix E: Steering Committee Meeting Summaries
Appendix F: Public Comment Web Application Results Summary
Appendix G: Existing Traffic Conditions Technical Memorandum
Appendix H: Environmental Screening
Appendix I: Future Traffic Conditions Technical Memorandum
I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Introduction

The Mankato/North Mankato Area Planning Organization (MAPO) and the City of North Mankato, in partnership with the Minnesota Department of Transportation (MnDOT), completed this study to identify a long-term vision for multimodal improvements on Belgrade Avenue in North Mankato. The study extent includes Belgrade Avenue from Lee Boulevard on the west to the Veteran’s Memorial Bridge on the east (Figure 1). Unless otherwise present in the study, report figures are included in Appendix A.

The Belgrade Avenue corridor has served the City of North Mankato as the central corridor of the downtown business district since before the City was incorporated in 1899. It provides the gateway to the City from US Trunk Highway (TH) 169 and the City of Mankato to the east.

The City has demonstrated a commitment to enhancing the quality of downtown through planning efforts and public outreach. The most recent effort, the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan, ran concurrently with this effort.

Study Partners

The Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study was a joint effort between

- The City of North Mankato
- MAPO
- MnDOT

Study Objectives

The study defines a comprehensive vision for Belgrade Avenue to continue momentum in the corridor fostering continued growth and mobility needs over the next 25 years. The corridor study process included the following elements:

- Understand the needs and opportunities in the corridor
- Develop and evaluate potential transportation improvement alternatives
- Gather public and business input on corridor needs and improvement alternatives
- Develop an implementation plan that prioritizes projects for completion over time

Coordination with the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan

The City of North Mankato initiated the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan in 2015 to achieve a framework for investment in the Central Business District and a shared vision for its future by the City, citizens and property owners in the area. Many consistent themes related to transportation needs emerged from the public and stakeholders during the plan’s initial phases. As a result, the City of North Mankato requested MAPO fund a study of Belgrade Avenue to identify transportation issues and potential improvement solutions that could be considered and woven into the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan process.

Issues Identification

Improvement alternatives were identified and evaluated based on the existing conditions analysis and issues and needs identified through public, agency and stakeholder involvement. The following describes alternatives studied for the Belgrade Avenue corridor.
A. **Focus Area 1: Lee Boulevard Intersection**

The primary issue in this focus area is the delay on Belgrade Avenue for westbound traffic entering Lee Boulevard southbound. Under existing (2016) conditions, the westbound approach to Lee Boulevard exhibits traffic delay below acceptable standards during both the AM and PM peak hour periods.

B. **Focus Area 2: Nicollet Avenue to Lake Street**

The primary issue in this segment is a gap in the bicycle network between Nicollet Avenue and Lake Street along Belgrade Avenue. Both Nicollet Avenue and Lake Street have sharrows indicating their service as on-street bike routes in the community. Generally, there are no bicycle facilities planned along Belgrade Avenue due to the parallel route along Nicollet Avenue; however, completing this gap is necessary to create a more complete network.

C. **Focus Area 3: Intersections between Lake Street and Range Street**

The primary issue in this segment is a crash issue at Sherman Street. Two of the six crashes that occurred at this intersection between 2010 and 2014 involved pedestrians. The Sherman Street intersection exhibited serious injury crashes outside of the normal range for this intersection type. This is concerning as Sherman Street is designated and signed as a bicycle route and serves pedestrians by providing access to Spring Lake Park north of Belgrade Avenue.

D. **Focus Area 4: 200 Block (Range Street to the TH 169 Southbound Ramp)**

Issues in this segment include:

- Back-ups on Belgrade Avenue at Range Street – Traffic currently back-ups at the Range Street/Belgrade Avenue intersection during the PM peak hour.
- Traffic speeds in the 200 Block – The speed of traffic is a concern within the 200 Block of Belgrade Avenue. Citizens and business owners have expressed that vehicles travel too fast within this area causing issues for pedestrian movements from the north to the south side of the street.
- Safe Pedestrian Crossings in the 200 Block – There is a demand for pedestrian crossings at the Range Street intersection with Belgrade Avenue as well as mid-block in the 200 Block for patrons parking in public lots north of Belgrade Avenue and visiting businesses on the south side.
- Several property access locations closely spaced – Multiple access points exist within close proximity in the 200 Block of Belgrade Avenue. This is particularly true along the north side of the roadway where six accesses are located within roughly 500 feet. These access locations can be problematic for vehicles and pedestrians.
- Perceived Parking shortage – The Downtown Planning Study (2012) quantified available public and private parking facilities within the downtown area and found a parking shortage is perceived, but actual supply is generally sufficient for existing uses at most times. However, the location of facilities and proximity to businesses may contribute to perceptions that the area is underserved.

E. **Focus Area 5: TH 169 Southbound Ramp Intersection**

There are no traffic operational issues at this location today or projected into the future. However, this intersection provides the gateway to downtown North Mankato and is the primary location where speeds into the 200 Block are perceived as excessive.
Recommendations and Implementation Plan

Some of the improvements identified in this study are directly related to existing and/or safety issues on Belgrade Avenue. Others are related to an opportunity to enhance Belgrade Avenue for both motorized and non-motorized uses consistent with the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan. Study recommendations are organized into an implementation sequence for the City’s consideration. This will allow the City to take incremental steps over time, ultimately working towards a corridor that operates safely and efficiently and compliments their downtown vision.

Next Steps

Additional design, studies and public input will be needed for each of the recommended improvement options to move forward. The purpose of the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study was to develop a long-term plan for improvements to Belgrade Avenue that are consistent with the goals and objectives of both the City’s Comprehensive Plan and the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan. The concepts developed as part of this study are high-level and will need additional refinement through preliminary and final design. Environmental review and permitting will also be required with exact requirements based on the scope of the project and the funding source.

The improvement options identified within this study and the projects prioritized as part of the implementation plan will help the City of North Mankato continue to maintain a functioning yet safe minor arterial roadway that supports their downtown vision.

The City should work to further plan, obtain funding, design, and implement the recommended improvement projects. All partners have an active role in implementing these improvements. All competitive funding sources should be considered. Agencies should also update or amend their comprehensive and transportation plans to include these findings to better leverage funding sources.
II. INTRODUCTION

The Mankato/North Mankato Area Planning Organization (MAPO) and the City of North Mankato, in partnership with the Minnesota Department of Transportation (MnDOT), completed this study to identify a long-term vision for multimodal improvements on Belgrade Avenue in North Mankato. The study extent includes Belgrade Avenue from Lee Boulevard on the west to the Veteran’s Memorial Bridge on the east (Figure 1). Unless otherwise present in the study, report figures are included in Appendix A.

The Belgrade Avenue corridor has served the City of North Mankato as the central corridor of the downtown business district since before the City was incorporated in 1899. It provides the gateway to the City from US Trunk Highway (TH) 169 and the City of Mankato to the east. The corridor contains a variety of business types serving as the commercial core of the City with various residential densities mixed in.

The City has demonstrated a commitment to enhancing the quality of downtown through planning efforts and public outreach. Previous plans include the North Mankato Comprehensive Plan (2015) with a dedicated chapter for downtown redevelopment as well as the Downtown Planning Study (2012) aimed at guiding future development and shaping the character of the downtown.

Another planning effort that ran concurrently with this effort was the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan which serves to achieve a framework for investment in the Central Business District and a shared vision of the future of the Central Business District by the City, citizens and property owners in the downtown area. The City’s planning process for the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan began prior to the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study and was a catalyst in the MAPO’s decision to fund the study. The City and MAPO saw the opportunity to build on the momentum of the Master Plan effort, utilizing the same steering committee and combining public information meetings.

Consistent themes for the corridor within previous plans are to improve pedestrian facilities and streetscape appearance, reduce the speed of traffic in the 200 Block, enhance pedestrian safety, identify and address parking deficiencies, and encourage and promote renovation and rehabilitation of the existing buildings.

Due to the demonstrated commitment from the City to improve this area, the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study was identified as a priority in the MAPO 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan. The City of North Mankato agreed that the timing was right to pursue this study which was funded through the MAPO.

The study defines a comprehensive vision for Belgrade Avenue to continue momentum in the corridor fostering continued growth and mobility needs over the next 25 years. The corridor study process included the following elements:

- Understand the needs and opportunities in the corridor
- Develop and evaluate potential transportation improvement alternatives
- Gather public and business input on corridor needs and improvement alternatives
- Develop an implementation plan that prioritizes projects for completion over time
III. STUDY PARTNERS

The Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study was a joint effort between:

- The City of North Mankato
- MAPO
- MnDOT

These agencies served as a Project Management Team (PMT) and met monthly throughout the study process to review and discuss study progress and technical deliverables.

IV. PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

Public involvement was an integral part of the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study. Input from business owners, property owners, interested citizens, elected officials and other corridor users was critical to understand issues and needs and to vet improvement concepts and priorities. Figure 2 outlines the different groups, outreach activities, and their interaction and roles in the overall study’s decision-making process.
The following methods were used to promote public involvement during the study:

- **Public Informational Open House Meetings** – A public open house meeting was held on January 26, 2017 to communicate to the public study goals and solicit input on improvement alternatives for identified for consideration. This meeting was repeated on January 28, 2017 to allow those unable to attend the first round an opportunity to offer their input. These meetings combined the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study as well as the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan efforts, soliciting feedback on both. A summary of these meetings is included in Appendix B.

- **Property/Business Owner Meetings** – Project Staff met with five businesses on a one-on-one basis early in the issues identification process of the study. Businesses included:
  - Brunton Architects
  - Nakato
  - Dino’s
  - Expressway Gas Station/CENEX
  - Frandsen Bank & Trust

  Property/Business Owner meeting summaries are included in Appendix C.

- **Business On Belgrade (BOB) Group Meetings** – Two meetings were held with the Business on Belgrade (BoB) Group on February 28th and March 2nd of 2017. The meetings were held to solicit feedback from the BoB group as business owner turnout was low at the January open house meetings. Eleven members total from the group attended the February/March meetings. BoB Group meeting summaries can be seen in Appendix D.

- **Agency and Elected Official Updates** - Meetings were held with agencies and elected officials to review the range of alternatives generated from this study. These included a North Mankato City Council meeting and meetings with MnDOT District 7 representatives.

- **MAPO Updates** – Project staff provided an update to the MAPO Policy Board in February and May 2017 and the MAPO Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) in July 2016 and another in January 2017.

- **Steering Committee Meetings** – A Steering Committee consisting of 18 interested citizens, stakeholders, and business representatives met three times throughout the study process. This group provided review of study initiatives and input on the generation of study materials throughout the study process. They also assisted with public and property/business representative meetings. Steering Committee meeting summaries can be seen in Appendix E.

- **Study Communications** – Bolton & Menk, Inc. hosted a project website for the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study throughout the entire process. Study documents, concept alternatives and public involvement notices were posted on the website at key study milestones. Newsletters were prepared for each public information meeting and sent to stakeholders along Belgrade Avenue and a press release was also included in the Mankato Free Press Newspaper as notice to the community. A public comment web application was also hosted on the project website as well as the City’s site to solicit public feedback as well. The results of the public comment web application can be seen in Appendix F.
V. COORDINATION WITH THE BELGRADE AVENUE MASTER PLAN

The City of North Mankato initiated the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan in 2015 to achieve a framework for investment in the Central Business District and a shared vision for its future by the City, citizens and property owners in the area. Although the City’s planning process for the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan began prior to the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study, many consistent themes related to transportation needs emerged from the public and stakeholders during the plan’s initial phases. Many of these themes had also been identified in previous planning studies in the downtown area. As a result, the City of North Mankato requested MAPO fund a study of Belgrade Avenue to identify transportation issues and potential improvement solutions that could be considered and woven into the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan process.

The merging of these two planning efforts officially began in September 2016 when the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study held the first Steering Committee meeting. The Steering Committee used for the corridor study was the same committee used for the master plan. In addition, the public open houses and business owner meetings held later in the corridor study also brought in content and recommendations of the Master Plan.

The vision for the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan was developed by terms used to describe an ideal future Central Business District by participants in the public process and is as follows:

The North Mankato Central Business District is a growing and safe district characterized by cohesive architectural design, pedestrian friendly streetscapes, and new destinations all contributing to a beautiful, thriving, and inviting area and serving as the core for community convention.

The Master Plan is guided by goals directly from the community’s Comprehensive Plan. Goal 2 from Chapter 9 – Downtown Redevelopment shows a desire to “Create a safe and inviting pedestrian realm” in the Central Business District. Consistent themes for the Belgrade Avenue corridor derived from public and stakeholder input during the Master Plan and recent planning efforts were to improve pedestrian facilities and streetscape appearance, reduce the speed of traffic in the 200 Block, enhance pedestrian safety, identify and address parking deficiencies, and encourage and promote renovation and rehabilitation of the existing buildings.

The Belgrade Avenue Master Plan identifies a plan for 5, 10, and 20-year improvement implementation. Key transportation implementation initiatives identified in the Master Plan include the employment of traffic calming strategies, and streetscaping and pedestrian improvements to create a more inviting destination for public gathering.

The Belgrade Avenue Master Plan is meant to work in unison with the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study to achieve a framework to implement this future vision. These efforts should be consulted together to inform decision-making for the future of the Central Business District.

Themes consistent among stakeholders and citizens in past Central Business District planning efforts:

- Improve pedestrian facilities and streetscape appearance
- Reduce the speed of traffic in the 200 Block
- Enhance pedestrian safety
- Identify and address parking deficiencies
- Encourage and promote renovation and rehabilitation of existing buildings
VI. EXISTING CONDITIONS

This section documents existing conditions on Belgrade Avenue as it relates to land use, previous studies, traffic operations, safety, access, pedestrian/bicycle accommodations and environmental resources. This information serves as the framework to develop improvement options for Belgrade Avenue.

A. Previous Studies Overview

Several short and long-range documents have been completed which provide planning direction for future transportation system needs within and near the Belgrade Avenue corridor. The key points in each study relevant to Belgrade Avenue are summarized below by plan title.

*Mankato/North Mankato Area Planning Organization (MAPO) 2045 Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) (2015)*

- Belgrade Avenue is a minor arterial roadway under the MAPO’s existing functional classification system
- Forecasted 2045 Congested Roadway Segments:
  - Lee Boulevard - Lor Ray Drive to Belgrade Avenue; LOS F\(^1\); 1.27 V/C ratio
  - Belgrade Avenue - Lee Boulevard to Range Street; LOS E; .96 V/C ratio
- Future projects:
  - Restripe Belgrade Avenue from Center Street to Range Street as a 3-lane facility (2021-2025 timeframe)
  - Reconstruct Lee Boulevard from Lookout Drive to Belgrade Avenue as a 3-lane (2021-2025 timeframe)
  - Reconstruct Belgrade as 2-lane from Lee Boulevard to Range Street (2031-2045 timeframe)
  - Reconstruct Belgrade as 4-lane from Range Street to TH 169 (2031-2045 timeframe)
  - Expand Lee Boulevard to a 4-lane roadway from Lor Ray Drive to Belgrade Avenue (illustrative project)
  - Need for an Intersection Control Evaluation on Lee Boulevard at Belgrade Avenue (2021-2025 timeframe)

*City of North Mankato Complete Streets Plan & Policy (2016)*

- Proposed on-street bicycle accommodations chart which includes Lee Boulevard from Lookout Drive to Hoover Drive and Range Street from Nicollet Avenue to McKinley Street

*North Mankato Comprehensive Plan (2015)*

- Highlights the Central Business District as a development style common among other older downtowns with features such as being pedestrian oriented, on-street parking, and the preferred location for prominent community events
- Central Business District is the community focal point and plans for its continued momentum by:
  - Creating an attractive gateway to downtown off TH 169 through streetscape

\(^1\) Level of Service (LOS) is defined on page 13 of this document and is a measure of intersection delay.
improvements and design standards

- Implement land use standards that emphasize walkability (i.e., rear parking at businesses, wider sidewalks with no obstructions, unique streetscape methods)
- References the Downtown Planning Study (2011) which found a “perceived shortage of parking” yet the supply is generally sufficient for the existing uses during the day

- Roadway design should consider the user friendliness of alternative modes of transportation while preserving on-street parking where feasible

**The City of North Mankato Parks Master Plan (2015)**

- Identifies Centennial Park, a 1 Acre Commemorative Park located at 840 Belgrade Avenue with a decorative water fountain and benches

**City of North Mankato Downtown Planning Study (2012)**

- Rates vehicular circulation as “generally good” but during peak traffic hours (7:45 – 8:15 AM and 4:45 – 5:15 PM), negotiating a turn at mid-block is difficult and parallel parking on Belgrade is problematic
- Recommends additional pedestrian access and circulation to promote pedestrian traffic to businesses across the street from each other in the 200 block
- Identified the following parking/traffic/pedestrian concerns from a July 26, 2011 public meeting:
  - More parking near businesses
  - Wheel stops to keep parked cars off of sidewalks
  - Manage traffic coming over the bridge and vehicles leaving businesses
  - Better public transportation service
  - Parking is a priority for future development efforts in the downtown
- Implies that the parking issue is a perceived inconvenience due to a lack of visibility of existing parking stalls on the 200 block of Belgrade Avenue and on Nicollet Avenue
- Recommends providing signage for patron and public parking and possibly asking the city to provide a single page flyer for businesses to distribute to show downtown parking options
- Recommends creating gathering spaces/opens spaces/green spaces/pathways that include amenities such as bike racks outdoor seating/benches and routes that tie into nearby parks and trails
- Recommends improving connectivity to Belgrade Avenue over Veterans’ Memorial Bridge and beyond to Wheeler Park, City Hall, Taylor Library and Centennial Park

**Downtown Focus Group (2010)**

- Recommends a more attractive entrance to the downtown off Veterans’ Memorial Bridge
- Recommends pedestrian, bicycle, family friendly and handicap accessible pathways
- Recommends lighting improvements on Belgrade Avenue
- Recommends slowing vehicular traffic coming over the bridge onto Belgrade Avenue
• Recommends reconfiguring the four-lane stretch of Belgrade to help increase pedestrian traffic
• Recommends adding signage indicating the location of parking

**Belgrade Avenue Master Plan (2017)**

• Identifies future redevelopment efforts at key intersections in the Central Business District along Belgrade Avenue to include two to three story multi-use buildings
• A steering committee of 27 members was assembled in early 2016 to assist with guiding planning efforts
• Plan adoption is anticipated in December 2016

**B. Demographics And Trends**

Located in south central Minnesota, the Mankato/North Mankato metropolitan planning area is 75 miles south of Minneapolis-St. Paul at the junction of US Trunk Highway (TH) 14 and TH 169. The area has experienced widespread growth across the metropolitan area and serves southern Minnesota as a hub for health care, education, retail, agriculture, and industry. The area is comprised of Mankato, North Mankato, Eagle Lake and Skyline; Blue Earth and Nicollet counties; and Belgrade, Lime, South Bend, LeRay and Mankato townships.

**Population**

The Mankato/North Mankato area has seen rapid growth. In 2010, the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) population was 96,740 with an urbanized population of 58,265. The 2010 population estimate represents a 12.9% change from the year 2000 for the MSA. **Table 1** illustrates historic population figures referenced from the Mankato/North Mankato Metropolitan Planning Organization’s (MAPO) 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>North Mankato</td>
<td>9,145</td>
<td>10,164</td>
<td>11,798</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td>13,394</td>
<td>13.5%</td>
<td>13,529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSA</td>
<td>79,243</td>
<td>82,120</td>
<td>85,712</td>
<td>4.4%</td>
<td>96,740</td>
<td>12.9%</td>
<td>99,134</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 1. 1980 – 2010 Historic Population**

(Source: US Census Bureau; Minnesota State Demographer (Mankato Area Housing Study Update, 2013; MAPO 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan.)

**Age**

The population’s age distribution (**Table 2**) is important as it effects transportation usage. Within the period from 2000 to 2010, 18-34 year olds as well as those of retirement age saw the highest increases in populations indicating increased commuters and dial-a-ride transit users. Retirees exhibited the greatest increase in population while 18-20 year olds represented the largest demographic group. With a large 18-20 year old group, the area may see a higher demand for pedestrian and bicycle amenities.

**Employment**

Most household trips include travel to and from places of employment. Mankato and North Mankato are the major employment centers for the region with a labor shed spanning 16 counties. There is a net inflow of primary jobs in the MAPO market area.
meaning there are more jobs in the market than people living in the market area. Almost 72 percent of labor force living in the market area also work there.

C. Transportation System Characteristics

Functional Classification

The functional classification system is used to create a roadway network that efficiently collects and distributes traffic from neighborhoods to the state highway system. A successful system coordinates and manages mobility, roadway design, and route alignment as well as seeks to match current and future access and land use with the adjacent roadway’s purpose, speeds, and spacing. Functional classifications are comprised of principal arterials, minor arterials, major and minor collectors, and local roadways.

Belgrade Avenue serves is a minor arterial roadway spanning from Veterans’ Memorial Bridge and the TH 169 Interchange to Lee Boulevard. It serves a diverse mix of personal vehicle, freight, transit, bicycle, and pedestrian traffic. It also bisects North Mankato’s downtown Central Business District. From a regional perspective, mobility on Belgrade Avenue is important, as it provides connections to other minor arterial roadways such as Lee, Range Street and the Veterans Memorial Bridge which provide access to other portions of North Mankato and across the river into Mankato.

Existing Number of Lanes

Belgrade Avenue is a two lane undivided roadway from Lee Boulevard to Range Street with westbound right turn lanes at Lee Boulevard and Center Street; four lane undivided roadway from Range Street to Nicollet Avenue; and a four lane divided roadway from Nicollet Avenue to the TH 169 interchange ramps. The intersections of Belgrade Avenue at the TH 169 interchange ramps are signalized. The intersections of Belgrade at Range Street and Center Street are all way stop controlled. Belgrade Avenue at Sherman Street and Belgrade Avenue at Lake Street are side street stop controlled with Belgrade Avenue having the right of way. The intersection of Belgrade Ave at Lee Boulevard is side street stop controlled with Lee Boulevard having the right of way.

Parking Accommodations

Belgrade Avenue permits on-street parking within the Central Business District and westward towards Lee Boulevard. In addition, on-street parking is permitted on adjacent streets and off-street public, private, and private-shared parking is permitted at select businesses along Belgrade Avenue. A parking assessment reveals a total of 273 public parking spaces, 286 private parking spaces, and 211 private-shared parking spaces in the Central Business District of the study area (200 – 500 Block of Belgrade). The parking assessment took into account on-street parking resources along side streets intersecting Belgrade Avenue extending north and south to the next street. On Belgrade Avenue in the Central Business District, 34 public parking spaces are on the north side of the roadway and 58 spaces are on the south side. More information can be seen in the Parking Assessment map in the appendix.

D. Study Area Characteristics

This section contains existing conditions of Belgrade Avenue related to land use, traffic operations, crash history, roadway access, transit, and pedestrian and bicycle connections.

Several Figures are appended to this document relating to the existing characteristics described within the study area in the text below. Refer to Appendix A for the following existing conditions graphics:

- Figure A.1 - Land Use
- Figure A.2 - Traffic Operations
A detailed Existing Traffic Conditions Technical Memorandum is attached in Appendix G which documents the traffic data collection, methodology and additional details on existing conditions analysis summarized in the sections below.

**Land Use**

Land uses along the study corridor consist of general commercial, high density residential, and low density residential within the Central Business District. Beyond the Central Business District, uses consist of predominately low density residential and institutional centers. Open spaces/parks are located north of the study corridor west of Lake Street. The eastern terminus of the study corridor is the TH 169 interchange and the western terminus is Lee Boulevard. Intersections where potential redevelopment may occur according to the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan are indicated. Major traffic generators along Belgrade Avenue include Cenex gas station, Frandsen, US Postal Office, multiple dining establishments, Belgrade Avenue United Methodist Church, Taylor Library and the City of North Mankato City Hall and Police Annex.

**Traffic Operations**

Approximately 21,500 vehicles per day currently use the Veterans Memorial Bridge. Approximately 9,800 vehicles per day continue onto Belgrade Avenue between the TH 169 west off ramp intersection and Range Street. There are 7,200 vehicles per day from Center Street to Sherman Street, and 6,700 vehicles from Cornelia Street to Lee Boulevard.

The average intersection control delay is a volume weighted average of delay experienced by all motorists entering the intersection on all intersection approaches. Intersections and each intersection approach are given a ranking from Level of Service (LOS) A through LOS F. LOS A indicates the best traffic operation, with vehicles experiencing minimal delays. LOS A through D is generally perceived to be acceptable to drivers. LOS E indicates that an intersection is operating at, or very near, its capacity and that drivers experience considerable delays. LOS F indicates an intersection where demand exceeds capacity and drivers experience substantial delays.

**Table 3** shows all of the intersections along the study corridor are operating at generally acceptable levels of service. However, the individual movement of westbound to southbound at the Lee Boulevard intersection is operating at a LOS E/D during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively. Queues, or back-ups for the westbound left at the Range Street intersection with Belgrade Avenue, were observed extending beyond the American Legion driveway and the Frandsen Bank driveway during the PM peak hour periods. A copy of the Existing Traffic Conditions Technical Memorandum is included in Appendix G.
Crash History 2010 to 2014

A crash review was completed using the Minnesota Crash Mapping Analysis Tool (MnCMAT) which identified 42 crashes on Belgrade Avenue between Lee Boulevard and the west TH 169 interchange ramp within a five-year period from 2010 to 2014. MnDOT uses a comparison of the crash rate and the critical rate when determining whether or not safety issues exist at an intersection. The crash rate is the number of crashes per million entering vehicles (MEV). The critical rate is a statistical comparison based on similar intersections statewide. An observed crash rate greater than the critical rate indicates that the intersection operates outside of the expected, normal range. The critical index reports the magnitude of this difference and a critical index of less than one shows that the intersection is operating within the normal range.

Most intersections in this segment exhibit crash counts within a normal range during the five-year period. The Sherman Street intersection exhibited serious injury crashes outside of the normal range for this intersection type. Six crashes occurred in this location within the 5-year period, two of these involved a pedestrian.

Access Inventory

There are 55 access points in this segment including six primary accesses (6 per mile), seven secondary accesses (7 per mile), and 42 private accesses (40 per mile). Both primary and secondary access counts fall below MAPO’s recommendations for 9 to 19 accesses per mile along minor arterial roadways.

Pedestrian and Bicycle Accommodations

Sidewalks are present along both sides of the study corridor from Lee Boulevard to the TH 169 interchange. There are no bicycle facilities along Belgrade Avenue, however, two on-road bike routes intersect Belgrade Ave at Sherman Street, and Center Street. An on-road bike route exists on Lake St. from its intersection with Belgrade Ave. north to the recent trail addition on TH 14. In addition, an on-road bike route extends along Nicollet Avenue from its western intersection with Belgrade Avenue to its eastern intersection with Belgrade Avenue.

Table 3. Existing (2016) Traffic Operations Analysis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Traffic Control Scenario</th>
<th>Peak Hour</th>
<th>Intersection Delay* - LOS</th>
<th>Maximum Delay** - LOS***</th>
<th>Limiting Movement ***</th>
<th>Max Approach Queue</th>
<th>Max Queue (ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Signalized Intersection</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NB TH 169 Ramp at Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 5</td>
<td>4 A</td>
<td>14 B</td>
<td>NBL</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PM 5</td>
<td>16 B</td>
<td>NBL</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SB TH 169 Ramp at Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 11</td>
<td>21 B</td>
<td>SBL</td>
<td>WBL</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PM 11</td>
<td>25 C</td>
<td>SBL</td>
<td>WBL</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>All-Way Stop Controlled</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range St at Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 7</td>
<td>9 A</td>
<td>EBT</td>
<td>EBL/T</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PM 8</td>
<td>10 A</td>
<td>WBL/EBT</td>
<td>WBL</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Center St at Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 7</td>
<td>9 A</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>EBL/T</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PM 8</td>
<td>10 A</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sherman St at Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 3</td>
<td>8 A</td>
<td>SBT</td>
<td>SBL/T/R</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Side-Street Stop Controlled</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake St at Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 2</td>
<td>6 A</td>
<td>SBL</td>
<td>SBL/R</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Side-Street Stop Controlled</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Blvd at Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 4</td>
<td>40 E</td>
<td>WBL</td>
<td>SBL</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Side-Street Stop Controlled</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Delay in seconds per vehicle
**Maximum delay and LOS on any approach and/or movement
***Limiting Movement is the highest delay approach.
****Max Queue refers to the 95% Queue (Passenger car stored length = 25 ft, Heavy vehicle stored length = 45 ft)
and continues east to join the Rex Macbeth River Trail.

There are a few high demand pedestrian crossing locations along Belgrade Avenue. The Wall Street intersection allows pedestrians’ access from public parking lots access to Circle Inn, Dino’s Pizzeria, and Like-Nu Cleaners. The Range Street intersection accommodates a high volume of pedestrians accessing the American Legion, Frandsen Bank, NaKato Bar & Grill, and Spinners Bar. The Center Street intersection provides an on-street bike path encouraging bicycle access across Belgrade Avenue to BellTower Apartments, Wheels Unlimited, and Benderz Bar and Grill. The Sherman Street intersection provides an on-street bike path encouraging bicycle access across Belgrade Avenue to Belgrade Avenue United Methodists Church. Pedestrian crossings exist at both intersections as well.

Transit Routes

Two routes of the Mankato Area Transit System pass through the study corridor. Bus stops are located at the intersections of Belgrade Avenue with Nicollet Avenue, Sherman Street, Center Street, Range Street.

Environmental Considerations - Social, Economic, and Environmental (SEE) Concerns

A high-level environmental screening using publicly available GIS datasets was conducted to identify any potential environmental resources within the study area as future roadway improvements were considered. No fatal flaws to roadway improvements were identified within the study area as part of this preliminary screening. Additional formal environmental documentation may be necessary as individual roadway improvement projects are pursued in the future. The environmental screening conducted as part of this study is included in Appendix H.

VII. STUDY GOALS

Based on the existing conditions findings and public, business and stakeholder input on issues and needs, goals were developed to guide the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study. Study partners used the following goals to identify and evaluate transportation improvement alternatives along Belgrade Avenue:

- Provide an appropriate balance between vehicle mobility and access
- Safely accommodate all users (vehicles, transit, pedestrians, bicycles, heavy trucks)
- Support an inviting and safe pedestrian environment both along and across Belgrade Avenue
- Support bicycle connections across Belgrade Avenue to designated parallel bike routes and regional trails
- Support future land use and redevelopment plans
- Provide infrastructure improvements compatible with preferred design guidelines
- Enhance community character and the downtown environment
VIII. FUTURE TRAFFIC

Future traffic volumes for 2041 (25-year forecast) were developed using historical data and the Mankato/North Mankato Area Planning Organization (MAPO) 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan while recognizing population growth trends in the area. The historical growth rates (1997-2013) along Belgrade Avenue were found to be negative based on historical data. The MAPO 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan identified future growth rates between 0.9% and 1% on Belgrade Avenue.

Taking all sources into account a 0.5% growth rate was used along Belgrade Avenue between Lee Boulevard and the TH 169 South Ramp. This 0.5% growth rate accounts for some growth on Belgrade Avenue over the next 25 years but also recognizes Belgrade Avenue is a completely developed corridor and is not anticipated to experience a large increase in future traffic. The study partners felt this modest growth rate was appropriate considering the corridor’s historical trend. The Future Conditions Traffic Analysis Memorandum is included in Appendix I. A map illustrating the 2041 forecasted traffic volumes for Belgrade Avenue is included in Figure 3.

Future Operations Analysis

A level of service (LOS) analysis of the peak hours was completed using the forecasted turning movement counts in SimTraffic. Table 4 shows the results of the 2041 no-build traffic analysis.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Intersection</th>
<th>Peak Hour</th>
<th>Intersection Delay*</th>
<th>Maximum Delay-LOS**</th>
<th>Limiting Movement ***</th>
<th>Max Approach Queue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NB TH 169 Exit Ramp &amp; Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 5 A</td>
<td>15 B</td>
<td>NBL</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signalized Intersection</td>
<td>PM 7 A</td>
<td>20 C</td>
<td>NBL</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SB TH 169 Exit Ramp &amp; Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 14 B</td>
<td>24 C</td>
<td>SBL</td>
<td>WBL</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signalized Intersection</td>
<td>PM 16 B</td>
<td>30 C</td>
<td>SBL</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range St &amp; Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 7 A</td>
<td>9 A</td>
<td>EBT</td>
<td>SBL/T/R</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Controlled</td>
<td>PM 9 A</td>
<td>12 B</td>
<td>WBL</td>
<td>WBL/T</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Center St &amp; Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 8 A</td>
<td>9 A</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>EBL/T</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Controlled</td>
<td>PM 9 A</td>
<td>11 B</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>WBT</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sherman St &amp; Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 3 A</td>
<td>10 B</td>
<td>SBT</td>
<td>SBL/T/R</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Controlled</td>
<td>PM 3 A</td>
<td>10 B</td>
<td>SBT</td>
<td>SBL/T/R</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belgrade Ave &amp; Lake St</td>
<td>AM 2 A</td>
<td>6 A</td>
<td>SBL</td>
<td>SBL/R</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Controlled</td>
<td>PM 2 A</td>
<td>8 A</td>
<td>SBL</td>
<td>EBL/T</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Blvd &amp; Belgrade Ave</td>
<td>AM 9 A</td>
<td>245 F</td>
<td>WBL</td>
<td>SBT/R</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Controlled</td>
<td>PM 7 A</td>
<td>86 F</td>
<td>WBL</td>
<td>SBL</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Delay in seconds per vehicle
**Maximum delay and LOS on any approach and/or movement
***Limiting Movement is the highest delay movement.

- Overall intersection delay is acceptable with LOS A or B at all of the intersections during both peak hours.
- The westbound Belgrade Avenue to southbound Lee Boulevard movement is anticipated to operate at LOS F by 2041 if no changes are made to this intersection. This is a safety concern as traffic making this move is likely to get frustrated and take a chance on an inadequate gap to make their move. This often results in crashes.
- The average queue for the westbound left and thru movement at the Range Street/Belgrade Avenue intersection is anticipated to increase to 100 feet during the PM peak hour. Today, this queue blocks the American Legion driveway and Frandsen Bank driveway and by 2041 is anticipated to extend even further to block the western Cenex driveway. This is a safety concern for vehicles trying to navigate in and out of these driveways during these peak periods.
IX. ISSUES IDENTIFICATION & EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES

Improvement alternatives were identified and evaluated based on the existing conditions analysis and issues and needs identified through public, agency and stakeholder involvement. The following describes alternatives studied for the Belgrade Avenue corridor, organized into five focus areas based on their location along the corridor. The improvement options discussed here can be seen on the MAPO website (www.mnmapo.org). Also, a discussion of the traffic analysis completed for each alternative is included in the Future Conditions Traffic Analysis Memorandum in Appendix I.

A. Focus Area 1: Lee Boulevard Intersection

The primary issue in this focus area is the delay on Belgrade Avenue for westbound traffic entering Lee Boulevard southbound. Under existing (2016) conditions, the westbound approach to Lee Boulevard exhibits traffic delay during both the AM and PM peak hour periods operating with LOS E during the AM and LOS D during the PM.

Public and stakeholder input during the corridor study process supported the issue. The westbound to southbound delay at this intersection is anticipated to worsen to LOS F for both peak periods by 2041 as traffic volumes on Lee Boulevard increase and without any improvements to the intersection traffic control.

An intersection control evaluation was conducted at this intersection to determine the most appropriate traffic control to address the delay issues and future traffic needs. The evaluation found traffic signal warrants were not met for existing or 2041 traffic. All way stop warrants were met which indicates a roundabout could be a traffic control option. An all way stop itself is not recommended since it would increase delay on the Lee Boulevard approaches to the intersection. The overall intersection operations at this location are adequate in the LOS A/B range. Any improvements identified should not worsen the overall intersection operations.

Based on the results of the traffic control evaluation, a roundabout was considered at this location (Figure 4). The traffic analysis found a single-lane roundabout would adequately serve both existing and 2041 traffic volumes. A roundabout at Lee Boulevard and Belgrade Avenue would alleviate delays for the problematic westbound to southbound movement at this intersection.

Public and stakeholder input on the idea of a roundabout at this location was mixed. The majority of the concerns expressed were related to the grades of the intersection and how to safely navigate the roundabout from southbound Lee Boulevard to eastbound Belgrade Avenue during winter conditions. A detailed analysis of the intersection profiles was not conducted as part of the corridor planning study. However, the consultant traffic and design engineers did take a preliminary review of contours through this area and felt the roundabout was a feasible intersection control option in this location for future consideration. Additional
detailed design of the roundabout grades, placement, approach angles and geometric design and pedestrian crossing locations/connections will be required in the future if the City of North Mankato pursues implementation of this project.

A roundabout at Lee Boulevard and Belgrade Avenue is estimated to cost approximately $1.5 million.

B. Focus Area 2: Nicollet Avenue to Lake Street

The primary issue in this segment is a gap in the bicycle network between Nicollet Avenue and Lake Street along Belgrade Avenue. Both Nicollet Avenue and Lake Street have sharrows indicating their service as on-street bike routes in the community. However, both roads terminate at Belgrade Avenue as do the bicycle facilities they host. This leaves a nearly 700-foot gap in the bicycle network along Belgrade Avenue. Generally, there are no bicycle facilities planned along Belgrade Avenue due to the parallel route along Nicollet Avenue, however, completing this gap is necessary to create a more complete network.

Three alternatives were developed to provide a connection to complete this network. Each considers a crossing on Belgrade Avenue at a different location to take advantage of existing features. These options are described below.

Option 1: Trail Addition from Lee Boulevard to Lake Street with Crossing at Nicollet Avenue.

Option 1 requires expansion of the existing sidewalk along Belgrade Avenue extending from Lee Boulevard to Lake Street. This would result in a 10-foot wide multi-use trail that would accommodate a bicycle connection to both the trail on Lee Boulevard and facilities on Lake Street. The crossing at Nicollet Avenue would utilize a crosswalk that currently exists at this location. The westbound lane on Belgrade Avenue would decrease in width from 24-feet currently to 17-feet to accommodate the proposed trail. This shift into the existing street section of Belgrade Avenue for the trail is due to the topography of the land adjacent to the existing trail. It would be difficult and costly to expand the current sidewalk to the north. The decrease in width on Belgrade Avenue would have little effect on the functionality of westbound Belgrade Avenue traffic movements. It would require removing parking in this section; however, it has been observed that this parking is rarely used. Figure 5 illustrates this scenario. Option 1 is estimated to cost approximately $160,000.
Option 2: Multi-Use Path from Lake Street to Mid-Block Crossing at the North Mankato Water Plant.

Option 2 (Figure 6) calls for a small segment (210-feet) of multi-use trail from Lake Street to a new, mid-block crossing at the North Mankato Water Plant that would take advantage of an existing walking path along the eastern side of that building. This would require the widening of that path segment adjacent to the building and moving the existing crosswalk from Nicollet Avenue to a mid-block location. The feasibility of widening the existing path shown in Figure 7 & 8 should be studied further to determine if adequate room exists for this connection. The improvement is estimated to cost approximately $50,000. The disadvantage of this option is it does not provide a bicycle connection to the Lee Boulevard trail as Option 1 accomplishes.

Option 3: On-Street Bike Lane from Lake Street To Mid-Block Crossing at the North Mankato Water Plant.

Option 3 (Figure 9) is the least invasive and lowest cost option which entails an on-street bicycle lane from Lake Street to a new mid-block crossing at the North Mankato Water Plant. This would require striping and marking a bike lane at a very low cost as an option without widening sidewalks into trails. Construction costs would be isolated to the trail expansion next to the water plant.
C. Focus Area 3: Intersection between Lake Street and Range Street

The primary issue in this segment is a crash issue at Sherman Street. Two of the six crashes that occurred at this intersection between 2010 and 2014 involved pedestrians. The Sherman Street intersection exhibited serious injury crashes outside of the normal range for this intersection type. This is concerning as Sherman Street is designated and signed as a bicycle route and serves bicycles and pedestrians by providing access to Spring Lake Park north of Belgrade Avenue.

Other pedestrian crossing demand locations along Belgrade Avenue between Lake Street and Range Street include:

- Center Street access to area schools and parks – Center Street is also designated and signed as a bicycle route that intersects Belgrade Avenue. This route provides access to the Monroe/Bridges School location as well as Wheeler Park to the north thus having potential for many to cross Belgrade Avenue on foot or bicycle.

- Cross Street access to area schools and parks – While not a designated bicycle route, Cross Street provides similar direct access to the area schools and Wheeler Park to the north of Belgrade Avenue.
In order to address pedestrian crossing demands and improve safety, intersection bump-outs were proposed at four locations along the Belgrade Avenue corridor between Lake Street and Range Street. Bump-outs provide a traffic calming effect by narrowing the roadway. They also shorten the crossing distance for pedestrians by 9-14 feet and make pedestrians more visible as they attempt to cross the street. Figure 10 illustrates bump-outs at the intersections of Cornelia Street, Sherman Street, Center Street and Cross Street along Belgrade Avenue. The estimated cost of the bump-outs in these locations is approximately $40,000 per intersection.

D. Focus Area 4: 200 Block (Range Street to TH 169 Southbound Ramp)

Issues in this segment include:

- Back-ups on Belgrade Avenue at Range Street – Traffic currently back-ups at the Range Street/Belgrade Avenue intersection during the PM peak hour. This back-up is not problematic from a delay standpoint but is a safety concern as it extends past the American Legion and Frandsen Bank driveways. This back-up is projected to worsen by 2041 and also extend past the western Cenex driveway. This is a safety concern for traffic trying to enter and exist these driveways.

- Traffic speeds in the 200 Block – The speed of traffic is a concern within the 200 Block of Belgrade Avenue. Citizens and business owners have expressed that vehicles travel too fast within this area causing issues for pedestrian movements from the north to the south side of the street. A dynamic speed sign is located at the eastern entrance to Belgrade Avenue to make drivers aware of their speed and aid in slowing them down. The concern continues to exist despite this sign.

- Safe Pedestrian Crossings in the 200 Block – There is a demand for pedestrian crossings at the Range Street intersection with Belgrade Avenue as well as mid-block in the 200 Block for patrons parking in public lots north of Belgrade Avenue and visiting businesses on the south side. Public input in the Master Plan, Corridor Study and previous planning studies have expressed a desire for a mid-block crossing on the 200 Block of Belgrade Avenue. The City has also explored options for this in the past. Due to current conditions, a mid-block, marked crossing is not recommended as it would be difficult for vehicles to see a pedestrian trying to cross from the south side of Belgrade Avenue between parked cars.

- Several property access locations closely spaced – Multiple access points exist within close proximity in the 200 Block of Belgrade Avenue. This is particularly true along the north side of the roadway where six accesses are located within roughly 500 feet. These access locations can be problematic for vehicles and pedestrians. For instance, vehicles have been observed making a left turn from southbound Range Street to eastbound Belgrade Avenue, and then immediately turning again into a parking lot at the corner of Belgrade Avenue/Range Street. The proximity of the parking lot access to the intersection is problematic and results in vehicles blocking the Belgrade Avenue/Range Street intersection waiting to turn into the parking lot. The Circle Inn driveway onto Belgrade Avenue is also problematic as it is difficult to see eastbound pedestrians and vehicular traffic from this access point due to the building location directly adjacent to the sidewalk. Both of these driveways (Circle Inn and the city parking lot next to the American Legion) have access off of adjacent side streets.

- Perceived Parking shortage – On-street parking is located on the south side of Belgrade Avenue. Sixteen on-street stalls exist today. Off-street public parking is isolated to the 200 Block of Belgrade Avenue. The Downtown Planning Study (2012) quantified available public and private parking facilities within the downtown area and found a parking shortage is perceived, but actual supply is generally sufficient for existing uses at most times. However, the location of facilities and proximity to
businesses may contribute to perceptions that the area is underserved. Several alternatives were developed for the 200 Block to assist with an improved vehicle and pedestrian traffic environment and to support the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan recommendations. Improvement options analyzed included options to improve pedestrian crossings with the existing four-lane section, an option to improve the pedestrian environment, calm traffic and provide additional streetscape opportunities by reducing the number of lanes on Belgrade Avenue, and intersection control options at Range Street and the TH 169 southbound ramp intersection. Improvement options for this area are described below.

**Option 1: Four-Lane Option**

The four-lane option (Figure 11) maintains most of what is there today exhibiting minimal change. This option calls for two driveway closures on the north side of Belgrade Avenue to improve traffic flow and safety. Both of these properties have access to an adjacent side street and could reconfigure their parking lot striping to accommodate this change. This four-lane option includes a mid-block pedestrian crossing from the Circle Inn to the vacant lot on the south of Belgrade Avenue. Sidewalk bump-outs are proposed at Range Street and the new mid-block crossing location to shorten the pedestrian crossing distance and make pedestrians more visible to drivers. The bump-outs would require the loss of 3-4 on-street parking stalls on the south side of Belgrade Avenue. The bump-outs are necessary to provide a mid-block pedestrian crossing in this location. It is not recommended to add a mid-block crossing without the bump-out as it would be very difficult to see a pedestrian trying to cross from the south between parked cars.

A mid-block crossing in this four-lane option could be paired with an overhead rectangular rapid flashing beacon as seen in Figure 12 to enhance the crossing location. The vehicle yield rate for a rectangular rapid flashing beacon is 88% as opposed to 7% for a
crosswalk alone. A major consideration for the City of North Mankato will be whether or not an overhead rectangular rapid flashing beacon system fits within the context of their downtown as it would change the look and quaint feel of the surrounding land uses.

A ground mounted rectangular rapid flashing beacon is not recommended with a four-lane option as it difficult to see the ground mounted flashers on the side of the road with two lanes of traffic in each direction.

The estimated cost of the 4-lane improvements are approximately $25,000 for both bump-outs and $50,000 - $75,000 for an overhead rectangular rapid flashing beacon system.

**Option 2: Three-Lane Option**

Both existing traffic volumes (8,700 vehicles per day) and forecasted 2041 traffic volumes (9,900 vehicles per day) can be accommodated adequately by a 3-lane roadway through the 200 Block area. Three-lane roadway are able to efficiently accommodate upwards of 15,000 – 20,000+ vehicles per day.

A 3-lane roadway section was considered in the 200 Block area as an option to address concerns related to traffic speeds, pedestrian crossing safety and provide opportunities for additional streetscape space. These were consistent themes identified in previous downtown planning studies and concurrent Belgrade Avenue Master Plan.

Several variations of a three-lane option were considered. All options included one lane in each direction with a center turn lane. All options carried forward the proposed driveway closures shown in the four-lane option. The differences between the options included traffic control options at Range Street and TH 169 southbound ramp, and access to Wall Street and Nicollet Avenue.

**Range Street Traffic Control Options:**

There are two different traffic control options for the Range Street intersection. One option is a mini-roundabout (Figure 13) that would alleviate back-ups that occur at the westbound intersection approach and would move traffic efficiently through the intersection under both today and 2041 conditions. The roundabout option improves pedestrian crossings by shortening the crossing distance with fewer lanes at the intersection. Many concerns about the mini-roundabout were expressed during the public and business outreach phase of the corridor study. These concerns included disbelief that a mini-roundabout would operate efficiently and concern that it would increase speeds and decrease pedestrian safety and the intersection as a result.

![Figure 13. 200 Block 3-Lane Option with Mini-Roundabout, Mid-Block Crossing, and Dedicated Left Turn at Nicollet Avenue](image-url)
The other Range Street traffic control option considered with a 3-lane option is to maintain the existing four-way stop scenario (Figure 14). The 3-lane section on Belgrade Avenue would need to widen to include a dedicated right-turn lane to northbound Range Street as exists today, for this option to operate efficiently. The advantage of this option is it maintains a status quo to what the public is comfortable with. The disadvantage is the back-ups that exist on westbound Belgrade Avenue at this intersection will not be addressed. The majority of the public and business owners seemed to accept this trade-off as it is contained within a peak hour and not an all day occurrence.

**Wall Street/Nicollet Avenue Access Options:**

Three options were considered for access to Wall Street and Nicollet Avenue with the three-lane option. The reason for the variations was related to a desire to consider a dedicated left-turn lane to Nicollet Avenue. This movement is prohibited today but was identified by several businesses in the 200 Block as a way to improve traffic detours through the area during events on Belgrade Avenue.

The first option provides a dedicated left turn to Nicollet Avenue. This can work with a 3-lane configuration since space is available due to the lane reconfiguration. The left-turn lane is on the short-end of a desired turn lane length. Since this movement is prohibited today, it was difficult for the traffic study to know how many vehicles would want to make this movement. Therefore, a sensitivity analysis was completed in order to determine if there were adequate gaps for a westbound left from Belgrade Avenue onto Nicollet Avenue. It is anticipated that this movement could operate adequately based on the sensitivity analysis performed. The Future Conditions Traffic Memorandum in Appendix I documents the sensitivity analysis and when this movement could become problematic. Additional future study is recommended if this is an option the City wishes to implement. This option can be seen in Figure 15.

Another option is to prevent left turning traffic through this section altogether by extending the existing median to the proposed mid-block crossing at the Circle Inn. This would provide pedestrian refuge for those crossing mid-block providing the safest pedestrian environment of the options. However, the disadvantage of this option is the restrictions in turning movements at both Wall Street and Nicollet Avenue. This is likely not viable as there are several heavy trucks entering and exiting Wall Street to get to businesses such as the Cenex/Expressway Gas Station. Trucks would not be able to access the TH 169 Interchange with the restriction of lefts onto Belgrade Avenue at this location. It is unlikely that this option would be implemented. This option can be seen in Figure 16.

The third and final option is to extend the existing median through the Nicollet Avenue intersection to ensure lefts to Nicollet Avenue are not possible at all, stopping the existing...
trend of vehicles taking illegal lefts onto Nicollet Avenue. The downside to this option is that it prevents any possibility of allowing left turns onto Nicollet Avenue during events. This option can be seen in Figure 17.

**Mid-Block Crossing:**

A mid-block crossing in this three-lane option could be paired with a ground mounted rectangular rapid flashing beacon as seen in Figure 18 to enhance the crossing location. As with the overhead rectangular rapid flashing beacon, the vehicle yield rate for the ground-mounted beacon in this circumstance is 88% as opposed to 7% for a crosswalk alone. Again, the major consideration for the City of North Mankato will be whether or not a ground-mounted rectangular rapid flashing beacon system fits within the context of their downtown as it would also affect its character.

There was a lot of support for a mid-block crossing during the public, business and steering committee outreach during the corridor study.

**Streetscape:**

Streetscape is an important facet of an area such as the downtown. When asked of the importance of streetscape amenities, 81% of citizens and stakeholders responding suggested that it is important to provide additional streetscape amenities in the downtown (Figure 19).

The implementation of a three-lane option provides perhaps most space for improvements to the streetscape. Wider sidewalks allow for an increased pedestrian amenity zone to accommodate landscaping, decorative pavement, seating, wayfinding signage, artwork, outdoor space for businesses, etc. The lane reduction, decorative pavement, and bumpout for the mid-block crossing could all work together to provide traffic calming in the 200 Block (Figure 20). These streetscape elements could be paired with any of the 3-lane options described above.
The estimated cost of the 3-lane options are approximately $750,000 - $1,000,000. This includes the 3-lane configuration, ground mounted rectangular rapid flashing beacon, and streetscape enhancements.

During the corridor study’s outreach process, there was public and business support for the elements of a 3-lane option. This was shown in the support for wider sidewalks, improved pedestrian crossings and additional space for streetscape enhancements. Some business owners were concerned about change and the impact of construction on their business operations. The Steering Committee expressed support for a future 3-lane option as it is the option that most closely aligns with the vision of the Central Business District.

**Figure 20. Top: 3-Lane Option Bottom: Potential Streetscape with 3-Lane Option**

E. **Focus Area 5: TH 169 Southbound Ramp Intersection**

There are no traffic operational issues at this location today or projected into the future. However, this intersection provides the gateway to downtown North Mankato and is the primary location where speeds into the 200 Block are perceived as excessive. **Figure 21** shows a roundabout option that was considered at this location as a measure to calm traffic transition from the Veteran’s Memorial Bridge to downtown.
**Roundabout at TH 169 Southbound Ramp Intersection**

The TH 169 Southbound Ramp intersection currently operates acceptably and is projected to continue this trend. Justification for an improvement would be difficult at this time as no problem currently exists. Project partners agreed, however, and data supports, that the application of a roundabout at this intersection may be a viable option that would slow traffic entering the Central Business District. MnDOT expressed support for the roundabout in general but suggested that they would not be able to fund the reconstruction due to lack of a current operational or safety problem. The estimated cost of the roundabout at this location is approximately $2.0 million.

![Figure 21. Potential Future Roundabout](image-url)
X. RECOMMENDATIONS AND IMPLEMENTATION SEQUENCE

Some of the improvements identified in this study are directly related to existing and/or safety issues on Belgrade Avenue. Others are related to an opportunity to enhance Belgrade Avenue for both motorized and non-motorized uses consistent with the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan. The following recommendations are organized into an implementation sequence for the City’s consideration. This will allow the City to take incremental steps over time, ultimately working towards a corridor that operates safely and efficiently and compliments their downtown vision.

A. Focus Area 1: Lee Boulevard Intersection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INITIAL RECOMMENDATION</th>
<th>RECOMMENDATION ESTIMATED COST</th>
<th>ULTIMATE RECOMMENDATION</th>
<th>ULTIMATE RECOMMENDATION ESTIMATED COST</th>
<th>TRIGGERS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • Continue to monitor intersection operations and safety conditions | • No Cost | • Construct a roundabout | • $1.5 Million | • Increased crashes/Safety Concern
|                          |                               |                         |                        | • Delay worsens |
### B. Focus Area 2: Nicollet Avenue to Lake Street

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INITIAL RECOMMENDATIONS</th>
<th>ESTIMATED COST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Complete the missing gap in the bicycle network by implementing one of these three options:</td>
<td>Option 1: $160,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Option 1: Trail Crossing at Nicollet Avenue</td>
<td>Option 2: $50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td>Option 3: Minimal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Option 2: Mid-Block Trail Crossing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Option 3: On-Street Bicycle Lane to Mid-Block Crossing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Focus Area 3: Intersection between Lake Street and Range Street

**INITIAL RECOMMENDATIONS**
- Test a bump-out with temporary materials such as paint or striping and traffic cones. Seek public feedback on improvement after the trial period
- Continue to monitor intersection safety for pedestrian and bicycles

**INITIAL ESTIMATED COST**
- $900 per test bump-out

**ULTIMATE RECOMMENDATION**
If test is successful, install bump-outs on Belgrade Avenue between Lake Street and Range Street in the locations identified below. These locations are noted in order of priority if the City chooses to install bump-outs incrementally rather than all at one time.

- **Sherman Street** – Highest priority location as pedestrian crashes are documented at this location with severity rates higher than average
- **Center Street** – Provides access to School/Wheeler Park
- **Cross Street** – Provides access to Wheeler Park
- **Cornelia Street** – If bump-outs are installed at the locations above, Cornelia Street should also be considered for corridor consistency

**ULTIMATE RECOMMENDATION ESTIMATED COST**
- $40,000 per intersection

**TRIGGERS**
- Support for bump-outs following a trial period, OR
- Continued and/or increased pedestrian crossing safety concerns
### D. Focus Area 4: 200 Block (Range Street to TH 169 Southbound Ramp)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INITIAL RECOMMENDATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Allow left turns onto Nicollet Avenue during events</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Test bump-outs with temporary materials to determine community/business support</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- If community/business support exists after testing bump-outs, implement a 4-lane improvement as shown below. This improvement includes the closure of two driveways, construction of a mid-block crossing with bump-out and Range Street crossing with bump-out</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INITIAL ESTIMATED COST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- $2,000 for bump-out test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- $25,000 for permanent installation of both bump-outs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- $50,000 - $75,000 Overhead rectangular rapid flashing beacon (if desired)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- <strong>Total Cost</strong> $75,000 - $100,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ULTIMATE RECOMMENDATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>When pavement conditions dictate the need for a more extensive reconstruction project in the 200 Block, re-evaluate whether or not the 4-lane improvements identified above have adequately addressed the community and business needs of the downtown and vision of the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If additional traffic calming measures, pedestrian environment improvements and streetscape space is desired, implement a 3-lane configuration with an all-way stop at Range Street, left turn at Nicollet Avenue, and streetscape improvements. This option is strongly supported by the Steering Committee as it most closely aligns with the future vision of the Central Business District as outlined in the Belgrade Master Plan.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ULTIMATE ESTIMATED COST

- $600,000 to $750,000 – 3-lane
- $10,000 to $15,000 – Ground mounted rectangular rapid flashing beacon (if desired)
- $150,000 to $250,000 – Streetscape
- $750,000 to $1,000,000 – Total Cost

TRIGGERS

- Infrastructure Need
- Community/Business Support
### E. Focus Area 5: TH 169 Southbound Ramp Intersection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Initial Recommendations</th>
<th>Recommendation Estimated Cost</th>
<th>Potential Future Improvement</th>
<th>Future Improvement Estimated Cost</th>
<th>Triggers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leave as traffic signal</td>
<td>No Cost</td>
<td>Construct roundabout for traffic calming</td>
<td>$1.5 to $2.0 M</td>
<td>Bridge Project and Adequate Funding</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
XI. NEXT STEPS

The recommendations and implementation section of this report outline an implementation sequence for the City’s consideration. The intent of the implementation sequence is to allow the City of North Mankato to incrementally test and implement projects over time. This will allow gradual change to occur while testing community/business support along the way, ultimately working towards the city’s downtown vision. It also allows flexibility in timing major improvements with future infrastructure needs to ensure financial responsibility.

Additional design, studies and public input will be needed for each of the recommended improvement options to move forward. The purpose of the Belgrade Avenue Corridor Study was to develop a plan for improvements to Belgrade Avenue that are consistent with the goals and objectives of both the City’s Comprehensive Plan and the Belgrade Avenue Master Plan. The concepts developed as part of this study are high-level and will need additional refinement through preliminary and final design. Environmental review and permitting will also be required with exact requirements based on the scope of the project and the funding source.

The improvement options identified within this study and sequenced in the implementation plan will help the City of North Mankato continue to maintain a functioning yet safe minor arterial roadway supporting the City’s downtown vision.

Study partners must continue to work together to further plan, obtain funding, design, and implement the recommended improvement projects. All partners have an active role in implementing these improvements. All competitive funding sources should be considered. Agencies should also update their comprehensive and transportation plans to include these findings to better leverage funding sources.